

ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA-MOKIN, ONDO STATE, NIGERIA

DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS 2020/2021 ACADEMIC SESSION

ATE 503 – CFD for Engineering Applications (3 Units) COURSE: 500 Level Automotive Engineering CLASS: **HOD'S SIGNATURE** TIME ALLOWED: 3 Hours Attempt questions ONE & TWO and any other THREE questions (125 marks) INSTRUCTIONS: Date: March, 2021 Question 1 (25 marks) Use a flowchart to describe the relationship between Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) and real-life fluid dynamics. ...2.5 marks Write short notes on CFD computational resources and computational time. b) ...2.5 marks Itemise five areas where CFD finds applications in automotive engineering. c) ...5 marks Use diagrams to show the two types of frame of reference relevant to CFD. d)

f) What is the full meaning of EOS and how is it relevant to CFD analysis?

...5 marks

...2.5 marks

...2.5 marks

g) List the following:

e)

i. Basic conservation laws applicable to CFD, and

State three merits and two demerits of CFD.

...2.5 marks

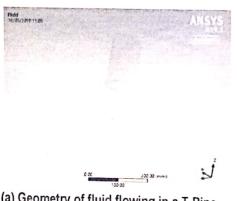
ii. The measurable flow variables associated with each conservation law.

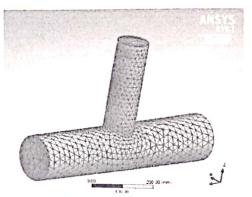
...2.5 marks

Question 2 (25 marks)

Briefly describe the procedure for meshing the fluid in Figure (7.1)(a) to obtain Figure (7.1)(b):

...10 marks





(a) Geometry of fluid flowing in a T-Pipe

(b) Mesh of fluid flowing in a T-Pipe Figure (7.1): Geometry and mesh of fluid flow in ANSYS

Briefly describe the procedure for analysing mixing of hot and cold water in a T-Pipe. Figure (7.2) shows the contour plot of temperature distribution in the flow. Colours "red" and "blue" depict "hot water inlet" and "cold water inlet" respectively; the third end is the outlet of the mixture.

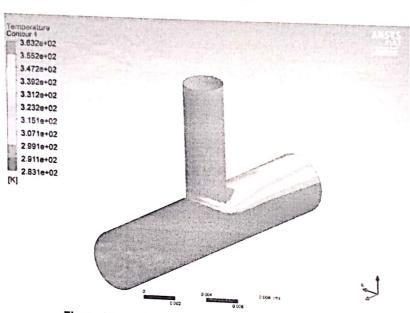


Figure (7.2): Mixing of hot and cold water in a T-Pipe

Question 3 (25 marks)

Briefly outline the procedure for CFD analysis.

Fluid elements deform during fluid motion. Use diagrams to illustrate deformation by Stretching and Shear. b) ...5 marks

Use Figure 2.1 to answer the following questions: c)

...10 marks

...15 marks

State the type of grid.

Name and draw all possible element types. ii.

...2 marks

iii. List all terms (terminology) with respect to the grid.

...4 marks

...4 marks

Page 2 of 4

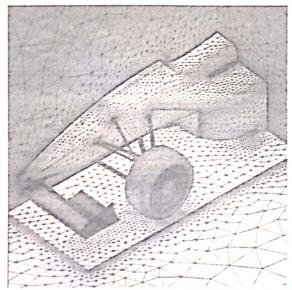


Figure 2.1: Grid or Mesh of the front part of a Formular-1 car

Question 4 (25 marks)

a) If the Crank-Nicolson approximation of Equation (4.1) is given in Equation (4.2).

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial r} = 0 \tag{4.1}$$

$$U_{i}^{n+1} = U_{i}^{n} - \frac{\Delta t}{2} \left[\left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \right)_{i}^{n} + \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \right)_{i}^{n+1} \right]$$
i. Obtain the Crank-Nicolson approximation for Equation (4.3) under two-dimensional condition.
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\rho \varphi) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\rho u \varphi) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\rho v \varphi) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\rho w \varphi) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\Gamma \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[\Gamma \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[\Gamma \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right]$$
(4.2)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho\varphi) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\rho u\varphi) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\rho v\varphi) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho w\varphi) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial x}\right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial y}\right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial z}\right] \tag{4.3}$$

...15 marks

What is the final expression when n = 100.

...5 marks

What is the final expression when n = 956

...5 marks

Question 5 (25 marks)

With the aid of a flowchart, write short note on CFD Visualisation Procedure.

...10 marks

Simplify the given general governing equation in differential form for a one-dimensional, steady, compressible flow, without source terms. Show the steps and explain your working.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho\varphi) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\rho u\varphi) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\rho v\varphi) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho w\varphi) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial x}\right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial y}\right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left[\Gamma\frac{\partial\varphi}{\partial z}\right] + S$$
...15 marks

Question 6 (25 marks)

Briefly differentiate between Grid discretisation and Problem discretisation.

...5 marks

The governing equations for fluid dynamics systems are generally described as the Navier-Stokes equations (NSE) which consist of five (5) equations and several unknown variables. Demonstrate how zero-degree-offreedom can be achieved. Support your answer with the aid of equations where applicable.

...20 marks

Question 7 (25 marks)
a) Name the four terms in the following general equation:
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho \beth) = -\nabla \cdot \left(\rho \overrightarrow{U} \beth\right) + \nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \beth) + S$$
b) Write the expressions for the explicit and implicit finite difference approximation

...5 marks

Write the expressions for the explicit and implicit finite difference approximation of the following equation:

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + b \frac{\partial F}{\partial y}$$

...20 marks